

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

**FILED**  
IN CLERK'S OFFICE  
U.S. DISTRICT COURT E.D.N.Y.

★ OCT 24 2016 ★

**BROOKLYN OFFICE**

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RAMESH SARVA, individually and on  
behalf of RAMESH SARVA CPA, P.C.,

Plaintiff,

-against-

**MEMORANDUM AND ORDER**  
15-0219 (FB)

COMERICA BANK, in its capacity as  
trustee,

Defendant.  
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*Appearances:*

*For the Plaintiff*

JASON R. HARRINGTON  
13 Schoolhouse Lane  
Great Neck, New York 11020

*For the Defendant*

PETER H. BALES  
55 Second Street, Suite 1700  
San Francisco, California 94105

**BLOCK, Senior District Judge:**

In this breach of contract action, Ramesh Sarva ("Sarva") alleges that Comerica Bank ("Comerica"), the trustee of six trusts to which Sarva was a plan administrator, failed to pay him for his management services to those trusts. Comerica moves to dismiss pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12(b)(7)<sup>1</sup> and, alternatively, to transfer this action to the Central District of California. Comerica argues the trusts'

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<sup>1</sup> After a pre-motion conference regarding Comerica's proposed FRCP 12(b)(7) motion, the Court directed the parties to submit letter briefs addressing whether Saakvitne is a necessary and indispensable party. The Court takes Comerica's letter brief as motions to dismiss and, alternatively, transfer venue.

current court-appointed plan administrator, Nicholas Saakvitne (“Saakvitne”), is a necessary and indispensable party to this action under FRCP 19.

“The general rule regarding a [FRCP] 12(b)(7) motion where a contract is involved is that [a] non-party to a commercial contract ordinarily is not a necessary party to an adjudication of rights under the contract.” *ConnTech Development Co. v. University of Connecticut Educ. Properties, Inc.*, 102 F.3d 677, 682 (2d Cir. 1996) (internal quotations omitted). Saakvitne is not a party to the alleged contract between Sarva and Comerica. Comerica argues that Saakvitne is nevertheless necessary because Sarva seeks a judgment against assets belonging to the trusts that Saakvitne administers. But a person is only necessary when, “in that person’s absence, the court cannot accord complete relief among existing parties” or that person has an interest in the action that would be impeded if the person was not joined. FRCP 19(a)(1). As an *administrator*, Saakvitne merely manages the assets; he has no ownership interest or discretion to withhold those assets from satisfying a judgment. Indeed, the order appointing Saakvitne as plan administrator explicitly states that he “shall not be held responsible for any claims against . . . the Directed Trustee . . . which existed, arose, matured, or vested prior to his appointment.” Def. Brief Ex. A. The Court sees no serious prejudice or inefficiency in proceeding without Saakvitne because it can accord complete relief with the existing parties, and Saakvitne has no interest in the

trusts' assets beyond their management; Comerica's motion to dismiss or, alternatively, to transfer are therefore DENIED. /

**SO ORDERED**

s/Frederic Block

~~FREDERIC BLOCK~~

Senior United States District Judge

Brooklyn, New York  
October 21, 2016